02. Angular Essentials - Components - Templates - Services & More

# Module Introduction

**Lesson 8: What You’ll Learn in the Angular Essentials Section**

**Overview of This Section**

In this section, we’ll begin exploring the **crucial Angular Essentials**—the core concepts every Angular developer must understand.

And we’ll do so by **building a complete demo application** from the ground up.

This hands-on approach ensures you not only learn theory but also apply it immediately in a real-world context.

**What You Will Learn**

As we build the demo application together, you will:

**🔹 Understand Angular Project Structure**

* Learn how Angular projects are organized
* Explore the purpose of various **folders** and **configuration files**
* Understand how the **CLI scaffolds** a complete project

**🔹 Work with Components**

* Deepen your knowledge of Angular **components**, a fundamental building block
* Learn how to **create**, **use**, and **structure** components
* Understand how to **compose UIs** using multiple reusable components

**🔹 Master Core Angular Concepts**

You’ll get hands-on experience with:

* **TypeScript**: Understand its role in Angular and how to use it effectively
* **Declarative Code**: Learn how Angular helps you write expressive, intention-driven markup
* **Templates** and **bindings** for dynamic UI creation

**🔹 Handle User Interactions**

* Learn how to respond to **user events**, such as button clicks
* Bind methods in your component logic to actions in your template
* Update the UI based on **user input and interaction**

**✅ By the End of This Section**

You will be able to:

* Build **dynamic, interactive Angular applications**
* Understand and navigate a complete Angular project
* Use Angular’s key features confidently in real development scenarios

This is a foundational section that will **prepare you for all the deeper topics** coming later in the course.

# A new starting project & analysing the project structure

**Lesson 9: Exploring the Angular Project Structure**

**Starting with a Shared Code Base**

To begin building our **demo application** and dive into Angular's essential concepts, we’ll use a **starting project** that has already been set up for you.

* This project was created using the **Angular CLI**
* A download link is provided in the course so we all start from the **same baseline** [**https://github.com/mschwarzmueller/angular-complete-guide-course-resources/blob/main/attachments/02-essentials/01-starting-project.zip**](https://github.com/mschwarzmueller/angular-complete-guide-course-resources/blob/main/attachments/02-essentials/01-starting-project.zip)

Using this common starting point helps avoid differences caused by varying Angular CLI versions.

**Note on CLI Differences**

Depending on which **Angular CLI version** you use, you might see slight differences in the project structure.

For example:

* Some versions include a public/ folder for assets like the favicon
* In our provided project, the favicon is in the src/ folder

These are minor structural differences. The Angular code we write remains the **same** regardless.

**Project Structure Walkthrough**

Let’s take a closer look at the files and folders:

**📁 Root-Level Files**

These are primarily **configuration files**:

* **tsconfig.json and related files**  
  Control how **TypeScript** is compiled into JavaScript

⚠️ Don’t modify these unless you know what you're doing

* **package.json**  
  Lists **project dependencies**, including Angular packages
* **angular.json**  
  Configuration file for Angular CLI, including build settings and project structure
* **.editorconfig**  
  Defines formatting rules for consistent code styling across IDEs
* **.gitignore**  
  Tells Git which files/folders to exclude from version control (e.g., node\_modules)

**📁 src/ – The Heart of Your Angular Project**

This is where all your Angular development happens.

**Key contents:**

* **index.html**  
  The root HTML file that loads when users visit your app

Angular dynamically injects your components here

* **main.ts**  
  The **entry point** for your Angular application
  + Bootstraps (starts) your app
  + Loads the root component (e.g., AppComponent)

This is the **first TypeScript file executed** when your app starts

* **styles.css**  
  Global styles that apply across all Angular components
* **assets/**  
  A folder for static resources like images, logos, and fonts
* **app/**  
  The main workspace for developers
  + You’ll build most of your app here
  + Contains the root component and other custom components

**Component File Naming Differences**

Angular file naming conventions have evolved:

* Traditional format: app.component.ts, app.component.html, etc.
* Newer Angular 20+ projects may use: app.ts, app.html, etc.

These differences **do not affect functionality**. You can name files as you prefer, though the .component. convention is still widely used.

**Installing Dependencies**

After downloading the starting project, you'll likely see **errors in main.ts** or other files. This happens because required **node packages are not yet installed**.

To fix this:

1. Open your terminal
2. Navigate into the project folder
3. Run the following command:

npm install

This command installs all dependencies listed in package.json.

✅ **Important**: You only need to run this once after downloading the project—not every time you work on it.

⚠️ Ignore any warnings unless the process ends with an error.

**Running the Angular Development Server**

Once dependencies are installed, start the local dev server:

npm start

This command internally runs:

ng serve

It:

* Compiles your code
* Starts a development server
* Opens the app at:

http://localhost:4200

Visit that address in your browser, and you should see the default Angular welcome page.

**✅ Summary**

In this lesson, you:

* Explored the structure of an Angular CLI project
* Learned about the role of each major file and folder
* Installed project dependencies using npm install
* Started the dev server using npm start

In the **next lesson**, we’ll explore **how Angular renders this content** into the browser—beginning with the index.html, main.ts, and the **root component**.